

## NO INSURANCE OR CHOOSE NOT TO USE YOUR INSURANCE?

Under the law, health care providers must give patients who don't have insurance or who are not using insurance an estimate of the bill for the health care items and services they are about to receive.

- You have the right to receive a Good Faith Estimate for the total expected cost of any health care items when scheduling such items or services or upon request.
- If you schedule a health care item or service at least 3 business days in advance, make sure your health care provider or facility gives you a Good Faith Estimate in writing within 1 business day after scheduling. If you schedule a health care item or service at least 10 business days in advance, make sure your health care provider or facility gives you a Good Faith Estimate in writing within 3 business days after scheduling.
- You can also ask any health care provider or facility for a Good Faith Estimate <u>before you schedule</u> an item or service. If you do, make sure the healthcare provider or facility gives you a Good Faith Estimate in writing within 3 business days after you request it.
- If you receive a bill that is at least \$400 more for any provider or facility than your Good Faith Estimate from that
  provider or facility, you can dispute the bill.
- Make sure to save both a copy or picture of your Good Faith Estimate and the bill.
   For questions or more information about your right to a Good Faith Estimate, visit www.cms.gov/nosurprises/consumers, email
   FederalPPDRQuestions@cms.hhs.gov, or call CMS No Surprise Help Desk 1-800-985-3059.

A Good Faith Estimate shows the costs of items and services that are reasonably expected for your healthcare needs for an item or service. The estimate is based on the information known at the time the estimate was created. The Good Faith Estimate does not include any unknown or unexpected costs that may arise during treatment. You could be charged more if complications or special circumstances occur.